

System for Scheduled Caching of In-Band Data Services

Related Applications

5 This application is related to the co-assigned and co-filed applications, "Method for managing multiple channel maps from multiple input devices in a multimedia system," "System for time-shifting events in a multi-channel convergence system," "Method and system for associating web sites to television programs," "Individualized parameter control for multiple media sources in a data processing system," "System for
10 combining electronic program guide data," and "Integration of Internet sources into an electronic program database list," all of which are hereby incorporated by reference.

Field of the Invention

15 The present invention is related to broadcast data services and in particular to scheduled caching of in-band data received from a broadcast data service.

Background of the Invention

20 One of the current trends in consumer electronics is the convergence of television technology and computer technology. Starting with the inclusion of a simple microprocessor chip in a television set, the convergence of the two technologies has evolved into sophisticated personal computers equipped with television tuners and large VGA monitors. Convergence systems enable the user to perform data processing tasks while simultaneously viewing a broadcast television program. The advent of personal
satellite receivers has also opened up a vast range of broadcast content.

25 Data from an external source has long been available to personal computer through dial-up connections to private bulletin boards or public data services such as the Internet. Originally, the computer user had to "pull" the data into the computer by dialing into the service and requesting a download. Later, automatic dial-up utilities were introduced to automate the downloading process when the user was not present.

Most recently, "push" technology permits the data service to initiate downloads to a subscriber on a periodic basis assuming the personal computer is on or a scheduling mechanism is available to turn the computer on at the scheduled time.

5 In the world of broadcast media, such as television, a broadcast channel can transmit data streams as well as audio and video content to a properly equipped tuner/receiver. This transmission method is called "in-band" transmission and currently provides a subscriber with data services such as stock quotes, sports scores, and electronic program guides (EPG) for television schedules. There are multiple ways of transmitting data services in-band. Using EPGs as an example, StarSight Telecast, Inc. 10 places EPG data in the vertical blanking interval in the broadcast television signal while Direct TV™ and Echostar Communications Corp. use a portion of the MPEG2 (Motion Picture Experts Group) data stream broadcast from a digital satellite. The data stream is downloaded to a microprocessor, either in the television or in an attached device, and stored for later processing upon user request.

15 Because in-band data services frequently modify their data, an updated data stream must be downloaded periodically. However, because the data stream is broadcast in a channel only at certain times, the tuner/receiver must be on and tuned to the correct channel to capture the data at that time. This limitation poses problems for many users who are absent during the times the data stream is being broadcast and do not want to leave their tuner/receiver powered on. Therefore, there is a need for a 20 system that automatically downloads broadcast data from an in-band data service regardless of the presence of the user.

Summary of the Invention

25 A system for scheduling caching of in-band data operates as part of a computerized system having tuning circuitry to receive and store data broadcast in-band in a channel at a scheduled time. The scheduled caching system operates in conjunction with a real-time scheduling process provided by the computerized system. A scheduling process determines a scheduled time and channel for the in-band data broadcast and

invokes the real-time scheduling process to schedule a caching process for execution at approximately the scheduled time. When executed, the caching process instructs the tuning circuitry to tune to the scheduled channel, receives the in-band data from the tuning circuitry and stores the in-band data on mass storage for subsequent processing.

5 The caching process also powers on the tuning circuitry and parses the in-band data from other content broadcast in the channel if necessary. The in-band data can be broadcast in the vertical blanking interval of a television channel or in a portion of a digital satellite transmission channel. The scheduling process also presents a plurality of schedules to a user for selection. A digital processing system configured to support
10 the scheduled caching system is also disclosed.

Additionally, an information handling system is described as including a tuner and a scheduler. The tuner is capable of turning to a plurality of channels. The scheduler is configurable to determine a scheduled time and a scheduled channel for receiving information associated with the scheduled channel. The tuner tunes to the
15 scheduled channel at approximately the scheduled time to receive the information associated with the scheduled channel. The information can be in-band information, electronic program guide information, or Internet-related information. The scheduler is further described as including a real-time scheduling process, a scheduling process, and a caching process.

20 Because the scheduled caching system operates autonomously of the user, the user can select in-band data for delivery when the user is not present. The scheduled caching system will automatically power on the tuning circuitry and download the data from the channel at a scheduled time so that the user does not have to leave the tuning circuitry powered on and tuned to the proper channel. Furthermore, because the
25 scheduled caching system stores the data, the user need not be concerned with having to immediately process the data when the download is complete.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1A is a block diagram of hardware components for a convergence system.

Figure 1B is a block diagram of a digital processing system shown in Figure 1A.

Figure 1C is a block diagram of a software architecture executing in the digital processing system of Figure 1B.

Figures 2A-B are operational flow diagrams of two primary processes in one embodiment of a scheduled caching system for in-band data services that operates in the software architecture of Figure 1C.

Description of the Embodiments

In the following detailed description of the embodiments, reference is made to the accompanying drawings which form a part hereof, and in which is shown by way of illustration specific embodiments in which the invention may be practiced. These embodiments are described in sufficient detail to enable those skilled in the art to practice the invention, and it is to be understood that other embodiments may be utilized and that structural, logical and electrical changes may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the present inventions. The following detailed description is, therefore, not to be taken in a limiting sense, and the scope of the present inventions is defined only by the appended claims.

The leading digit(s) of reference numbers appearing in the Figures corresponds to the Figure number, with the exception that the same reference number is used throughout to refer to an identical component which appears in multiple Figures. Signals and connections may be referred to by the same reference number or label, and the actual meaning will be clear from its use in the context of the description.

A system for scheduled caching of data from in-band data services is described using an electronic program guide (EPG) delivered in the vertical blanking interval (VBI) of a channel as an example. The use of the VBI for in-band data transmission is not discussed in detail as it is well-known in the art. Further, as will be readily apparent to one skilled in the art, the present invention is not limited to use with VBI services but

is equally applicable to other methods of in-band transmission of data services as well. Specifications for other in-band transmission methods can be obtained from organizations such as the European Broadcasting Union, from a data services provider such as Direct TV™, Intel Corp. or Data Broadcasting Corp., or from various public domain sources, such as the Internet.

The system for scheduled caching of data from in-band data services is part of a convergence system 100 shown in Figure 1A, such as the Destination personal computer system available from Gateway 2000, Inc., assignee of the present invention. The convergence system 100 incorporates tuner circuitry, such as tuner/receiver 180 in Figure 1B, into a digital processing system 101, such as a computer which is compatible with standard personal computer systems, and displays television signals and digital output on a large monitor 122 of VGA or better resolution. The tuning circuitry 180 is coupled through a system bus 184 to a microprocessor 186 which controls the operation of the tuner/receiver 180. The scheduled caching system is described in terms of software processes which execute within the microprocessor 186. The processes in the scheduled caching system can be implemented in software, hardware or firmware without departing from the scope of the invention.

One embodiment of a software architecture which provides the underlying infrastructure of processing and file input/output operations necessary for the execution of the scheduled caching system is illustrated in Figure 1C. The scheduled caching system operates as part of the system services 103 (ex.: EPG data services 109 for an EPG data service). The system services 103 also includes scheduling services 109 which enable the execution of programs at a specified time using a real-time clock in the microprocessor 186. The software architecture illustrated in Figure 1C is described in detail in co-assigned and co-pending patent application entitled "Architecture for Convergence Systems" filed on the same day as the present application and assigned to the same assignee, which application is hereby incorporated by reference.

In the embodiment shown in Figures 2A and 2B, the scheduled caching system 200 comprises two processes: a scheduling process 201 and a caching process 221. The

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broadcast channel. If the data is delivered in a channel that does not contain other content, the caching process does not need to parse the data as part of step 229. The caching process 221 stores the data on a mass storage device, such as a hard disk, or in memory (step 231) for subsequent processing and exits.

- 5 In an alternate embodiment, the user selects multiple data service broadcast times and channels, and the scheduling process 201 calls the scheduler services to schedule multiple executions of the caching process 221.

10 It is to be understood that the above description is intended to be illustrative, and not restrictive. Many other embodiments will be apparent to those of skill in the art upon reviewing the above description. The scope of the invention should, therefore, be determined with reference to the appended claims, along with the full scope of equivalents to which such claims are entitled.

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